PHOTOGRAMMETRIC TECHNOLOGY FOR URBAN AREA DEVELOPMENT

Alexander A. Alyabyev

Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company JSC, of. 2, 127, Furmanova St., Yekaterinburg, 620146, Russia, Director, e-mail: fgmkart@rambler.ru

Arseniy E. Ivanov

Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company JSC, BC "Atrium", of. 208, 1A, Shirokaya St., Novosibirsk, 630108, Russia, Developer, e-mail: apc_ivanov@hotmail.com

Anton A. Kobzev

Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company JSC, of. 2, 127, Furmanova St., Yekaterinburg, 620146, Russia, Deputy Director, e-mail: msk@usgik.ru

Vyacheslav N. Nikitin

Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company JSC, BC "Atrium", of. 208, 1A, Shirokaya St., Novosibirsk, 630108, Russia, Developer, e-mail: vslav.nikitin@gmail.ru

The development of urban areas requires accurate and high-quality spatial data (SD). State programs and regulations define the requirements for them: relevance, informativeness, versatility, ease of use and prompt and cheap monitoring. Existing SD in the form of topographic plans and orthomosaics do not meet these requirements for urban areas. World experience shows that a 3D city model could solve this problem, but the costs of creating it today are large and comparable to the cost of a 1:500 scale topoplane. A new type of spatial data – a single 3D stereo model of the territory is a real alternative, since it meets the previously specified requirements, and the costs of creating it are significantly lower than other SD. Therefore, in this paper, the goal was to consider the use of a single 3D stereo model in the management of urban areas, as well as the use of the stereo photogrammetric method on specific examples. It is shown that the stereo model is an optimal product of spatial data, which is created quickly and cheaply and can be used multifunctionaly. The stereo model is used to solve such tasks as operational management of the city, without entering the territory, performing cadastral works, including complex cadastral works, performing an inventory of urban infrastructure objects, determining the volume of major repairs of apartment buildings, creating vector models and integrating projected BIM models into existing infrastructure, etc. The 3D stereo model was presented at Russian and international exhibitions and forums, such as INNOPROM and "Traditions and Innovations", dedicated to the 10th anniversary of Rosreestr, in the period from 2017 to 2021, where it received recognition. In addition, the stereo model has already been introduced in the Republic of Bashkortostan, the Kaliningrad and Sverdlovsk regions, the city of Izhevsk, Sarapul and others. The creation and use of the stereo model is based exclusively on the Russian hardware and software complex, which allows it to be implemented for managing cities on the territory of the Russian Federation.

Keywords: stereo model, city management, unmanned aircraft, photogrammetry, BIM, urban planning, cadastre

REFERENCES

1. Government Resolution of March 13, 2020 No. 279. On information support of urban development activities. Retrieved from ConsultantPlus online database [in Russian] (accessed May 05, 2020).

2. Decree of the Government of the Russian Federation of December 03, 2014 No. 2446-r. On approval of the Concept of construction and development of the hardware and software complex Safe City. Retrieved from ConsultantPlus online database [in Russian] (accessed May 05, 2020).

3. Order of the Government of the Russian Federation of July 28, 2017 No. 1632-r. Retrieved from ConsultantPlus online database [in Russian] (accessed November 03, 2018).

4. Order of the Federal Register of October 23, 2020 No. P/0393. On approval of requirements for accuracy and methods for determining the coordinates of characteristic points of the boundaries of the land plot, requirements for accuracy and methods for determining the coordinates of characteristic points of the building, structure. Retrieved from ConsultantPlus online database [in Russian].

5. Chesheva, V. I., Osipov, E. D., & Osipov, D. A. (2007). The requirement for precision shooting or the continuation of a conversation about the three-dimensional geological. *Cadmaster*, No. 1(36) [in Russian].

6. Alyabyev, A. A., Litvintsev, C. A., & Kobzeva, E. A. (2018). Photogrammetric method in cadastral works: digital stereo-model and orthophoto. *Geoprofi*, 2, 4–8 [in Russian].

7. Biljecki, F., Stoter, J., Ledoux, H., Zlatanova S., & Coltekin, A. (2015). Applications of 3D City Models: State of the Art Review. *International Journal of Geo-Information*, 4(4), 2842–2889. doi: 10.3390/ijgi4042842.

8. Dokonal, W. (2010). Creating and using 3D city models. Architecture and Modern Information Technologies, No. 1(10).

9. Surendra Pal Singh, Kamal Jain, & V. Ravibabu Mandla. (2013). Virtual 3D city modeling: techniques and applications. *International Archives of the Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing and Spatial Information Sciences: Vol. XL-2/W2* (pp. 73–91). Istanbul, Turkey. doi: 10.5194/isprsarchives-XL-2-W2-73-2013.

10. Zhaojin, L., Bo, W., & Yuan, L. (2020). Integration of aerial, MMS, and back-pack images for seamless 3D mapping in urban areas. *The International Archives of the Photogrammetry, Remote Sensing and Spatial Information Sciences: Volume XLIII-B2-2020.*

11. Alyabyev, A. A., Litvintsev, C. A., & Kobzev A. A. (2021). Photogrammetry in the real estate cadaster. *Geodeziya i kartografiya [Geodesy and Cartography]*, 8, 27–35. doi: 10.22389/0016-7126-2021-974-8-27-35 [in Russian].

12. Kobzev, A. A., & Pestov, I. D. (2019). Cloud service Geo-resource for regional spatial data sources. *Geoprofi*, 5, 17–21 [in Russian].

13. Litvintsev, C. A., & Kobzev A. A. (2020). Investigation of the possibility of multipurpose use of stereomodels to control the territory (on the example of the Kaliningrad region). *Izvestiya vuzov. Geodeziya i aerofotos"emka [Izvestiya vuzov. Geodesy and Aerophotosurveying]*, 64(3), 330–340. doi: 10.30533/0536-101X-2020-64-3-330-340 [in Russian].

14. Edicin, G. S., Rubtsov, I. V. Groshev, V. A., & Savushkin, V. P. (2010). Application of the degreeof remodeli in urban geographic information systems. *Vestnik MGSU*, No. 4 [in Russian].

15. Alyabyev, A. A., Litvintsev, C. A., & Nikitin V. N. (2020). Three-dimensional stereomodel of the site is the bedrock of digital double. *Geoprofi*, 2, 13–17 [in Russian].

16. Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company. (2021). IS "Georesurs". Retrieved from http://usgik.ru/georesurs/ (accessed September 26, 2021).

17. Alyabyev, A. A., Kobzeva, E. A., & Grachev, A. V. (2017). Stereo monitors SM-1. *Geoprofi*, 5, 23–26 [in Russian].

18. Foreshortening. (2021). Description of the PHOTOMOD CFS. Retrieved from https://racurs.ru/program-products/tsfs-photomod/ (accessed September 26, 2021).

19. Geoscan. (2021). Agisoft Metashape User Manual. Retrieved from https://www.agisoft.com/pdf/metashape-pro_1_6_ru.pdf (accessed September 26, 2021).

20. Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company. (2021). Stereo monitors SM-1. Retrieved from http://usgik.ru/stereomonitory/ (accessed September 26, 2021).

21. Ural-Siberian Geo-Information Company. (2021). CFS INSOT. Retrieved from http://usgik.ru/cfs-insot / (accessed September 26, 2021).

22. Capital repair Fund of common property in apartment buildings of the Kaliningrad region. (2021). Regional program 2015–2044. Retrieved from http://fkr39.ru/owners/regional-program/ (accessed September 27, 2021).

Received 03.12.2021

© A. A. Alyabyev, A. E. Ivanov, A. A. Kobzev, V. N. Nikitin, 2022