REVEALING OIL POLLUTION SPOTS ON SHELF ZONE WITH HELP OF SPACE SURVEY (ON THE EXAMPLE OF OIL STONES WATER AREA, CASPIAN SEA)

Alovsat Shura-ogly Guliev

State Oil Company of Azerbaijan Republic (SOCAR), 121, Prospekt Geydara Alieva St., Baku, Azerbaijan, AZ1000, Senior Surveyor, phone: (99450)492-93-18, e-mail: alov_soc@yahoo.com

Tatyana A. Khlebnikova

Siberian State University of Geosystems and Technologies, 10, Plakhotnogo St., Novosibirsk, 630108, Russia, D. Sc., Professor, Department of Engineering Geodesy and Mine Surveying, phone: (913)474-19-70, e-mail: t.a.hlebnikova@ssga.ru

The article considers the Earth's remote sensing methods, used for revealing and mapping oil pollutions. The research is aimed at solving the tasks of aerospace monitoring of oil fields and oil pollutions in shelf water areas in the interests of the republic of Azerbaijan.

For revealing pollution spots on shelf zone (in water area of oil stones, Caspian sea) were used multi zone space shots of the oil deposit, obtained from the satellite Sentinel 2A-MSI-MultiRes-UTM39N 05-06-2017 7:26:21, and radar location shots from the satellite Sentinel 1A-IW 05-06-2017 17:08:46 of European Space Agency as part of the project, aimed at creation of autonomous multilevel observation system for ecological condition on Earth, and also some extra data of the region under survey. In the processing of data was performed automatic classification of the main technogenic impacts of the offshore process facilities on the naval environment with the use of the method of main components and its modification. For the survey were used the systems of Earth's remote sensing ERDAS Imagine 6.7 and SNAP Desktop (Sentinel Application Platformver. 6.0). the results of the performed survey confirmed the capability and efficiency of use of cooperative processing of multi zone and radar location shots of the same territory with use of extra data to reveal oil spils.

Key words: image fusion, multi zone space shots, radar location shots, image classification, remote sensing, oil pollution monitoring, digital photogrammetric system.

REFERENCES

1. Ivanov, A. Yu., Vostokov, S. V., & Ermoshkin, I. S. (2004). Mapping of Oil Films in the Caspian Sea Using Spaceborne Synthetic Aperture Radar Imagery. *Issledovanie Zemli iz kosmosa [Earth Exploration from Space]*, 4, 82–92 [in Russian].

2. Boev, A. G., & Matvyeyev, A. Y. (2005). The Amount Estimation of Oil Pollutants in the Oil-Producing Area "Oil Stones" in the Caspian Sea Using Multifrequency Radar Data. *Radiofizika i Radioastronomiya [Radio Physics and Radio Astronomy]*, 10(2), 178–188. Retrieved from http://dspace.nbuv.gov.ua/handle/123456789/103792 [in Russian].

3. Gyul', A. K. (2003). Problema zagryazneniya Kaspiyskogo moray [The problem of pollution of the Caspian Sea]. Baku : «Muallimneshriyyaty» Publ., 71 p.

4. Guliyev, A., Ibrahimova, S. R., Rustamov, R. R., & Huseynov, K. K. (2003). Application GIS technology for studying of the fluctuations of Caspiansea level. In *Studying Land Use Effects in Coastal Zones with Remote Sensing and GIS* (pp. 257–259). Kemer/Antalya, Turkey. Retrieved from www.ins.itu.tr/rslucoast1.

5. Guliyev, A., Ibrahimova, S. R., Rustamov, R. R., & Huseynov, K. K. (2003). Research of coastal zones with remote sensing and GIS. In *Studying Land Use Effects in Coastal Zones with Remote Sensing and GIS* (pp. 61–65). Kemer/Antalya, Turkey. Retrieved from www.ins.itu.tr/rslucoast/.

6. Kirdyashkin, V. V. (2011). Automatic combination of radar and reference images of the earth's surface. *Candidate's thesis*. Moscow, 202 p. [in Russian].

7. Fingas, M. (2001). *The Basics of Oil Spill Cleanup* (pp. 175–190). USA: CRC Press LLC. Retrieved from https://epdf.tips/queue/the-basics-of-oil-spill-cleanup-second-edition.html.

8. Partington, K. (2014). An Assessment of Surface Surveillance Capabilities for Oil Spill Response using Satellite Remote Sensing. In *Provided for IPIECA and OGP, PIL-4000-35-TR-1.2* (p. 63). Canada : Polar Imaging, Inc.

9. Malinnikov, V. A., Stetsenko, A. F., Altynov, A. E., & Popov, S. M. (2008). *Monitoring of the natural environment by aerospace means [Monitoring prirodnoy sredy aerokosmicheskimi sredstvami]*. Moscow: MIIGAiK Publ., 145 p. [in Russian].

10. Deyvis, Sh. M., Landgrebe, D. A., & Fillips, T. L. (1983). *Distantsionnoe zondirovanie: kolichestvennyy podkhod [Remote sensing: a quantitative approach]*. F. Sveyna, & Sh. Deyvis (Eds.). Moscow: Nedra Publ., 415 p.

11. Brown, H. M., Bittner, J. P., & Goodman, R. H. (1996). The Limits of Visibility of Spilled Oil Sheens. In *Proceedings of the Erim Conferences, Second Thematic International Airborne Remote ensing Conference and Exhibition: Vol. III* (p. 327). San Francisco, CA, USA.

12. Klemas, V. (2010). Tracking Oil Slicks and Predicting their Trajectories Using Remote Sensors and Models: Case Studies of the Sea Princess and Deepwater Horizon Oil Spills. *Journal of Coastal Research (JCR)*, 26(5), 789–797. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.2112/10A-00012.1.

13. Zamyatin, A. V. (2016). Data mining methods in the regional system of space monitoring. *Vestnik SGUGiT [Vestnik SSUGT]*, 4(36), 74–86 [in Russian].

14. Brown, C. E., & Fingas, M. F. (2001). New space-borne sensors for oil spill response. In *International Oil Spill Conference Proceedings: No. 2* (pp. 911–916). Washington D.C. Retrieved from https://doi.org/10.7901/2169-3358-2001-2-911.

15. Karathanassi, V. Spectral Unmixing Evaluation for Oil Spill Characterization. Int. J. Remote Sens. Appl. Retrieved from https://www.researchgate.net/publication.

16. Oruc, M., Marangoz, A. M., & Buyuksalih, G. (2011). Comparison of pixel-based and object-oriented classification approaches using Landsat-7 ETM spactral bands: Thesis. Turkey: Konguldak Karaelmas University. Retrieved from https://www.researchgate.net/publication/ 228457894.

17. Maathuis, G. Y., & Vandijk, Z. X. (2006). Comparison of pixel-based and object-oriented image classification approaches – A case study in a coal fire area, Wuda, Inner Mongolia, China. *International Journal of Remote Sensing*, 27(18), 4039–4055.

18. Brown, C., & Fingas, M. (2001). New space – sensors for oil spill response. In *International Oil Spill Conference*. Washington D. C.

19. Cicone, R. C. (2016). Application of the Tesseled Cap to Simulated Thematic Mapper Data. *Photogrammetric Engineering & Remote Sensing*, *150*(3), P. 342.

20. Huang, C., Wyli, B., Yang, L., Homer, C., & Zylstra G. (2002). Derivation of a tasseled cap transformation based on Landsat 7 at-satellite reflectance. *Int. J. Remote Sens.*, 23(8), 1741–1748.

21. Kolokoussis, P., & Karathanassi, V. (2013). Detection of Oil Spills and Underwater Natural Oil Outflow Using Multispectral Satellite Imagery. Int. J. Remote Sens. Appl., 3, 145–154.

22. Crist, E. P., & Cicone, R. C. (1984). Application of the Tesseled Cap to SimulatedThematic Mapper Data. *Photogrammetric Engineering & Remote Sensing*, 50(3), 343–352.

Received 23.05.2019

© Alovsat Shura-ogly Guliev, T. A. Khlebnikova, 2019